A manipulable puzzle cube is an improvement of the classic Rubik's Cube. The puzzle cube consists of a plurality of cubic elements connected to a centrally positioned interior connecting element, the cubic elements of each surface of the cube forming a plate of cubic elements, the plate being rotatable about a spatial axis of the cube, each of the cubic elements having one or more exposed faces. All of the exposed faces of a given cubic element are the same color, the color being selected from a group of colors comprising at least two colors. The color of each cubic element is selected so that the cubic elements form a decorative pattern on each surface of the cube. The pattern may be the same on each surface of the cube, and may take the form of a "Y" or no "tic-tac-toe" pattern. The subject puzzle cube is more appealing to the eye than the classic Rubik's Cube, and its manufacture is simplified.

19 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets
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MANIPULABLE PUZZLE CUBE

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to three-dimensional puzzles, and in particular, to manipulable puzzle cubes containing rotatable elements.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The classic Rubik’s Cube (trademark) is a 3x3x3 manipulable puzzle cube consisting of 26 cube elements connected together by a centrally positioned, interior connecting mechanism. Groups of nine cubic elements form plates which are rotatable about the spatial axes of the cube. Each of the cubic elements has one, two or three exposed faces, and there are nine exposed faces for each of the six sides of the cube, for a total of 54 exposed faces. When the Rubik’s Cube is in its starting, undisturbed condition, all of the faces on a given side are the same colour, and each side of the cube is a different colour. The object of the game is to disturb the original pattern, and then sequentially rotate the plates so as to restore each of the six sides of the Rubik’s Cube to its original colour.

The Rubik’s Cube has been a popular manipulable puzzle cube, over the past 25 years. However, the Rubik’s Cube is difficult to solve, and there is a need for manipulable puzzle cubes which present various levels of difficulty.

In addition, the pattern of the classic Rubik’s Cube is relatively plain, and users like variety. Thus there is a need for manipulable puzzle cubes having distinctive decorative patterns, which are more appealing to users.

Furthermore, in the case of the classic Rubik’s Cube, plastic plates or stickers of different colours are typically applied to the faces of various cubic elements, to make each of the sides of the cube a different colour. However, these plates or stickers have a tendency to become dislodged with hard use over time. It is also relatively expensive to apply different coloured stickers or plates to the faces of each cubic element. There is accordingly a need for an improved manipulable puzzle cube which is less expensive to produce and which is more durable.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The subject invention is directed to a manipulable puzzle cube comprising a plurality of cubic elements connected to a centrally positioned interior connecting element, the cubic elements of each surface of the cube forming a plate of cubic elements, the plate being rotatable about a spatial axis of the cube, each of the cubic elements having one or more exposed faces. All of the exposed faces of a given cubic element are the same colour, and the colour is selected from a group of colours comprising at least two colours. The colour of each cubic element is selected so that the cubic elements form a decorative pattern on each surface of the cube, when the cube is in an undisturbed state. The colours are preferably contrasting colours, and the decorative pattern may be the same on each surface of the cube.

The cube of the subject invention is preferably a 3x3x3 cube comprising 26 cubic elements connected to the interior connecting element, with each surface of the cube comprising a 3x3x3 array of cubic elements, the array having three rows of cubic elements, three columns of cubic elements, and two diagonals of cubic elements.

The decorative pattern may comprise a “Y” pattern, wherein one corner element, the mid-face element and two of the mid-edge elements not adjacent to the corner element are of a first colour, and the remaining cubic elements of the surface are of a second, contrasting colour. This decorative pattern may be a no “tic-tac-toe” pattern wherein the cubic elements making up each of the rows, the columns, and the diagonals of the array are not the same colour.

Alternatively, the decorative pattern may resemble the appearance of a cake, in which the cubic elements making up the top plate are of a first colour, and the cubic elements making up the bottom two plates are of a second colour, or the decorative pattern may be a three-colour pattern, in which the cubic elements making up each of the three plates are different colours.

In another embodiment, the decorative pattern is a nine-colour pattern, wherein each of the cubic elements forming a given surface of the cube is a different colour.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the following drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a manipulable puzzle cube made in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention;
FIG. 2 is a schematic view of the decorative pattern of the preferred embodiment of the subject invention;
FIG. 3 is a perspective view of the manipulable puzzle cube of the present invention, with the top plate of the cubic elements shown rotated about a spatial axis of the cube;
FIG. 4 is a top view of the cube with the top plate removed, revealing the internal connecting element;
FIG. 5 is a perspective view of a mid-face cubic element;
FIG. 6 is a perspective view of a corner cubic element;
FIG. 7 is a perspective view of a mid-edge cubic element;
FIG. 8 is a perspective view of a manipulable puzzle cube made in accordance with a second embodiment of the invention;
FIG. 9 is a schematic view of the decorative pattern of the second embodiment of the invention;
FIG. 10 is a perspective view of a manipulable puzzle cube made in accordance with a third embodiment of the invention;
FIG. 11 is a schematic view of the decorative pattern of the third embodiment of the invention;
FIG. 12 is a top perspective view of a manipulable puzzle cube made in accordance with a fourth embodiment of the invention; and
FIG. 13 is a bottom perspective view of the fourth embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Referring to FIGS. 1, 3 and 4, illustrated therein is a manipulable puzzle cube 10 made in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention. Puzzle cube 10 is in the form of a 3x3x3 cube comprising 26 cubic elements 21, 22, 23 connected to an interior connecting element 24 (see FIG. 4).

The mechanics of puzzle cube 10 are preferably the same as those of a classic 3x3x3 Rubik’s Cube. The mechanics of the Rubik’s Cube were originally disclosed in Erno Rubik’s Hungarian Patent No. 1,700,062, and these mechanics are now well known to those skilled in the art of puzzle cube mechanisms.

As in the case of a classic Rubik’s Cube, the 3x3 arrays of cubic elements making up each face of puzzle cube 10
form plates of cubic elements which can be rotated about the
X, Y and Z spatial axes of the cube. As shown in FIG. 3, top
plate 40 is rotated by 45° about the Y axis of the cube.

Referring now to FIGS. 1, 4, 5, 6 and 7, as in the case of
a classic Rubik's Cube, the cubic elements of puzzle cube 10
take three distinct forms, namely mid-face cubic elements
21, corner cubic elements 22, and mid-edge cubic elements
23. Puzzle cube 10 comprises six mid-face cubic elements
21, eight corner cubic elements 22, and 12 mid-edge cubic
elements 23. Mid-face cubic elements 21 have one exposed
face 51a, corner cubic elements 22 have three exposed faces
52a, 52b, and 52c, and mid-edge cubic elements 23 have two
exposed faces 53a, 53b.

Mid-face cubic element 21 includes a connector 41 which
is rigidly connected to a sleeve portion 44 of interior
connecting element 24. Mid-face elements 21 do not change
position, but merely rotate about a spatial axis, when the
plates of cubic elements are rotated by a user. Corner cubic
elements 22 and mid-edge cubic elements 23 have connect-
ers 42, 43 respectively, which slidingly interconnect with
interior element 24, allowing cubic elements 22 and 23 to
change positions as the plates of elements are rotated by the
user.

Unlike the classic Rubik's Cube, in the case of the subject
invention, all of the exposed faces of a given cubic element
of puzzle cube 10 are the same colour, wherein the colour is
selected from a group comprising at least two contrasting
colours. Thus, as shown in FIG. 3, face 51a of mid-face
cubic element 21 is of a first colour, faces 52a, 52b and 52c
of corner cubic element 22 are of a second contrasting
colour, and faces 53a and 53b of mid-face cubic element 23
are of the first colour.

All portions of the cubic elements of puzzle cube 10 are
preferably the same colour, and the cubic elements are
preferably made from coloured plastic. The cubic elements
of puzzle cube 10 are preferably made of injection-molded
plastic. This construction obviates the need to apply stickers
or plates to different faces of a given cubic element.

The colour of each cubic element is selected to give each
surface of puzzle cube 10 a distinctive decorative pattern
which is appealing to the user’s eye, when puzzle cube 10
is in its initial, undisturbed state. In the preferred embed-
dment shown in FIGS. 1, 2 and 3, the decorative pattern is
the same on each surface of the cube. As shown, the decorative
pattern is a “Y” pattern, utilizing two contrasting colours,
such as red and white, in which one corner element, the
mid-face element and two of the mid-edge elements not
adjacent to the corner element are of a first contrasting
colour, and the remaining cubic elements of the surface are
of a second contrasting colour.

Referring now to FIG. 2, the cubic elements making up
the top surface 32, left-front surface 33, the right-front
surface 34, the right-back surface 35, and the left-back
surface 36, and the bottom surface 37 of puzzle cube 10
all have the same decorative “Y” pattern. In the case of the
top surface 32 of puzzle cube 10, mid-face element 21 is red,
corner elements 22, 22e, and 22b are white, corner element
22c is red, mid-face elements 23 and 23a are red, and
mid-face elements 23b and 23c are white. This selection of
colours produces a decorative pattern which is not only
visually attractive, but which also represents a “no tic-tac-
toe” pattern, in which there are no two elements of the same
colour in a single row, column or diagonal.

Puzzle cube 10 is preferably packaged and sold with its
cubic elements in their original, undisturbed positions, with
the “Y” pattern displayed on all sides. In use, the plates of
the puzzle cube 10 would be rotated by the user so as to
disturb the “Y” pattern, and user would subsequently
attempt to re-arrange the cubic elements by sequentially
rotating various plates of elements, so as to restore the
original “Y” pattern on all sides of the cube.

Puzzle cube 10 has a number of advantages over the
classic Rubik's Cube. Puzzle cube 10 is more appealing to
the eye, and easier for users to solve. The construction of
puzzle cube 10 allows each of the cubic elements to be made
of injection-molded plastic of a selected colour, and there is
no need to apply stickers or plates to different faces of a
given cubic element.

While puzzle cube 10 has a two colour “Y” pattern, it
should be understood that puzzle cubes made in accordance
with the subject invention may have different decorative
patterns, as long as all of the exposed faces of a given cubic
element are the same colour. Furthermore, while puzzle cube
10 has a pattern which utilizes only two colours, more than
two colours could be utilized.

For example, illustrated in FIGS. 8–13 are puzzle cubes
60, 70, 80 made in accordance with the subject invention,
having a variety of decorative patterns different from that of
puzzle cube 10.

Referring to FIGS. 8 and 9, shown therein is puzzle cube
60 made in accordance with a second embodiment of the
invention, having a decorative pattern 67 entitled “The
Cake-Walk”, consisting of a top layer of “icing” on a
“chocolate brown” cake. All of the exposed faces of cubic
elements 61 forming top plate 62 are white and all of the
exposed faces of cubic elements 63 forming middle plate 64
and bottom plate 65 are brown.

Referring now to FIGS. 10 and 11, illustrated therein is
puzzle cube 70 made in accordance with a third embodiment
of the invention, having a three-colour pattern 77 entitled
“The Triclone”. Cubic elements 71 making up top plate 72
are red, cubic elements 73 making up middle plate 74 are
white, and cubic elements 75 making up bottom plate 76 are
blue.

Referring now to FIGS. 12 and 13, illustrated therein is
puzzle cube 80 made in accordance with a fourth embodi-
ment of the invention having nine-colour pattern, in which
each of the cubic elements forming a given surface of cube
80 is a different colour, resulting in a total of nine different
colours per surface. FIG. 12 is a top perspective view which
shows the top surface 91, left front surface 92, and right
front surface 93 of cube 80, and FIG. 13 is a bottom
perspective which shows the bottom surface 94, left rear
surface 95 and right rear surface 96.

Like puzzle cube 10, all of the exposed faces of a given
cubic element of puzzle cube 80 are the same colour. Thus
colours 84a, 84b and 84c of corner element 84 are of a first
colour, faces 87a and 87b of mid-edge element 87 are of a
second colour, and faces 83a, 83b and 83c of corner element
83 are of a third colour, and so on.

The arrangement of the nine colours is not exactly the
same on each of the six surfaces of cube 80, but each surface
contains the same nine different colours. Puzzle cube 80
has four pairs of same colour diagonally opposed corner
elements, and the colour of each pair is different from that
of other pairs. Thus corner elements 81 may be white, corner
elements 82 may be red, corner elements 83 may be brown,
and corner elements 84 (only one is shown in FIG. 12) may
be black. Puzzle cube 80 has four triples of same colour
mid-edge elements, and the colour of each triple is different.
Thus mid-edge elements 85 may be yellow, mid-edge ele-
ments 86 may be green, mid-edge elements 87 may be
orange, and mid-edge elements 88 may be purple. The
mid-edge elements of a given triple are equal-distantly
spaced from each other. Puzzle cube 80 also has six same colour mid-face elements 89, which may be blue.

While the subject invention is described and illustrated with respect to certain preferred and alternative embodiments, it should be understood that various modifications can be made to those embodiments without departing from the subject invention, the scope of which is defined in the following claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A manipulable puzzle cube, comprising a plurality of cubic elements connected to a centrally positioned interior connecting element, the cubic elements of each surface of the cube forming a plate of cubic elements, the plate being rotatable about a spatial axis of the cube, each of the cubic elements having one or more exposed faces, wherein all portions of each of the cubic elements are formed from a material having a selected colour, whereby all of the exposed faces of a given cubic element are the same colour, the colour being selected from a group of colours comprising at least two different colours, wherein the colour of each cubic element is selected so that the cubic elements form a decorative pattern on each surface of the cube, when the cube is in an undisturbed state, the decorative pattern being formed by the at least two different colours.

2. The puzzle cube defined in claim 1, wherein the decorative pattern is the same on each surface of the cube.

3. The puzzle cube defined in claim 1, wherein the group of colours comprises a first colour and a second contrasting colour.

4. The puzzle cube defined in claim 1, wherein the cube is a 3x3x3 cube comprising 26 cubic elements connected to the interior connecting element, with each surface of the cube comprising a 3x3 array of cubic elements, the array having three rows of cubic elements, three columns of cubic elements, and two diagonals of cubic elements.

5. The puzzle cube defined in claim 4, wherein the decorative pattern comprises a “Y” pattern, wherein in the case of each surface of the cube, one corner element, the mid-face element and two of the mid-edge elements not adjacent to the corner element are of a first colour, and the remaining cubic elements of the surface are of the contrasting colour.

6. The puzzle cube defined in claim 4, wherein the decorative pattern comprises a no “tic-tac-toe” pattern, wherein the cubic elements making up each of the rows, the columns, and the diagonals of the array are not of the same colour.

7. The puzzle cube defined in claim 2, comprising 26 cubic elements, wherein the 26 cubic elements comprise eight corner cubic elements having three exposed faces, 12 mid-edge cubic elements having two exposed faces, and six mid-face cubic elements having one exposed face.

8. The puzzle cube defined in claim 1, wherein the material is coloured plastic.

9. The puzzle cube defined in claim 8, wherein the cubic elements are injection-molded.

10. The puzzle cube defined in claim 1, wherein the decorative pattern resembles the appearance of a cake, wherein the cubic elements forming a top plate of the cube are of a first colour, and the cubic elements forming a middle plate of the cube and a bottom plate of the cube are of a second colour.

11. The puzzle cube defined in claim 1, wherein the decorative pattern is a three-colour pattern, wherein the cubic elements making up a top plate of the cube are a first colour, the cubic elements making up a middle plate of the cube are a second colour, and the cubic elements making up a bottom plate of the cube are a third colour.

12. The puzzle cube defined in claim 1, wherein the decorative pattern is a nine-colour pattern, wherein each of the cubic elements forming a given surface of the cube is a different colour.

13. The puzzle cube defined in claim 1, wherein the cube is a 3x3x3 cube comprising 26 cubic elements connected to the interior connecting element, with each surface of the cube comprising a 3x3 array of cubic elements, the colour selected from a group of colours comprising at least two contrasting colours.

14. The puzzle cube defined in claim 13, wherein the decorative pattern comprises a “Y” pattern, wherein in the case of each surface of the cube, one corner element, the mid-face element and two of the mid-edge elements not adjacent to the corner element are of a first colour, and the remaining cubic elements of the surface are of the contrasting colour.

15. The puzzle cube defined in claim 13, wherein the decorative pattern comprises a no “tic-tac-toe” pattern, wherein the cubic elements making up each of the rows, the columns, and the diagonals of the array are not of the same colour.

16. The puzzle cube defined in claim 13, wherein the decorative pattern resembles the appearance of a cake, wherein the cubic elements forming a top plate of the cube are of a first colour, and the cubic elements forming a middle plate of the cube and a bottom plate of the cube are of a second colour.

17. The puzzle cube defined in claim 13, wherein the decorative pattern is a three-colour pattern, wherein the cubic elements making up a top plate of the cube are a first colour, the cubic elements making up a middle plate of the cube are a second colour, and the cubic elements making up a bottom plate of the cube are a third colour.

18. The puzzle cube defined in claim 13, wherein the decorative pattern is a nine-colour pattern, wherein each of the cubic elements forming a given surface of the cube is a different colour.

19. A manipulable puzzle cube, comprising a plurality of cubic elements connected to a centrally positioned interior connecting element, the cubic elements of each surface of the cube forming a plate of cubic elements, the plate being rotatable about a spatial axis of the cube, each of the cubic elements having one or more exposed faces, wherein each of the cubic elements is integrally formed from a plastic material of a selected colour, the colour being selected from a group of colours comprising at least two different colours, and wherein the cubic elements are arranged so that the cubic elements form a decorative pattern on each surface of the cube, the decorative pattern being formed by the at least two different colours, wherein the decorative pattern is disturbed when the cubic elements are rearranged by random manipulation of the plate, thereby creating a challenging puzzle.

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